

The Audit Findings for Somerset Pension Fund

Year ended 31 March 2021

13 September 2021



Contents

Section	Page	The contents of this report relate only to the
1. Headlines	3	matters which have come to our attention, which we believe need to be reported to you
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3. Independence and ethics	14	not a comprehensive record of all the relevant matters, which may be subject to change, and in particular we cannot be held
Appendices		responsible to you for reporting all of the risks which may affect the Pension Fund or
A. Audit adjustments	17	all weaknesses in your internal controls. This
B. Fees	18	report has been prepared solely for your benefit and should not be quoted in whole or
C. Audit Opinion	19	in part without our prior written consent. We
D. Management Letter of Representation	23	do not accept any responsibility for any loss occasioned to any third party acting, or refraining from acting on the basis of the content of this report, as this report was not prepared for, nor intended for, any other purpose.

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Your key Grant Thornton team members are:

Barrie Morris

Key Audit Partner T: 0117 305 7708 E: barrie.morris@uk.gt.com

Andrew Davies Audit Manager T: 0117 305 7844 E: andrew.davies@uk.gt.com

Steph Thayer In Charge Auditor T: 0117 305 7821 E: steph.e.Thayer@uk.gt.com

1. Headlines

This table summarises the key findings and other matters arising from the statutory audit of Somerset Pension Fund ('the Pension Fund') and the preparation of the Pension Fund's financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021 for those charged with governance.

Financial Statements

Under International Standards of Audit (UK) (ISAs) and the National Audit Office (NAO) Code of Audit Practice ('the Code'), we are required to report whether, in our opinion:

- the Pension Fund's financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Pension Fund and its income and expenditure for the year; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the CIPFA/LASAAC code of practice on local authority accounting and prepared in accordance with the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014.

Our audit work was completed remotely during June-September. Our findings are summarised on pages 2 to 13. We have not identified any adjustments to the financial statements that would have resulted in an adjustment to the Pension Fund's reported financial position. Audit adjustments are detailed in Appendix A.

Our work is substantially complete and there are no matters of which we are aware that would require modification of our audit opinion [Appendix C] or material changes to the financial statements, subject to the following outstanding matters:

- finalisation of the main Council IT review and response to our recommendations;
- completion of our journals testing;
- agreement of capital commitments note (see audit adjustments);
- review of the Council Annual Governance Statement;
- receipt of management representation letter (Appendix D);
- review of the final version of the financial statements;
- issuing IAS19 letters to admitted body auditors;
- review of post balance sheet events and management's consideration of post balance sheet events;
- receipt and completion of our work on the Pension Fund Annual report; and
- internal quality reviews.

As set out above we have not yet reviewed the Annual Report and as such have not yet concluded that the other information to be published with the financial statements, is consistent with our knowledge of your organisation and the financial statements we have audited.

Our anticipated audit report opinion will be unmodified.

2. Financial Statements

Overview of the scope of our audit

This Audit Findings Report presents the observations arising from the audit that are significant to the responsibility of those charged with governance to oversee the financial reporting process, as required by International Standard on Auditing (UK) 260 and the Code of Audit Practice ('the Code'). Its contents have been discussed with management.

As your auditor we are responsible for performing the audit, in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) and the Code, which is directed towards forming and expressing an opinion on the financial statements that have been prepared by management with the oversight of those charged with governance. The audit of the financial statements does not relieve management or those charged with governance of their responsibilities for the preparation of the financial statements.

Audit approach

Our audit approach was based on a thorough understanding of the Pension Fund's business and is risk based, and in particular included:

- An evaluation of the Pension Fund's internal controls environment, including its IT systems and controls, and
- Substantive testing on significant transactions and material account balances, including the procedures outlined in this report in relation to the key audit risks.

Conclusion

We have substantially completed our audit of your financial statements and subject to outstanding queries being resolved, we anticipate issuing an unqualified audit opinion following the Audit Committee meeting on 23 September 2021, as detailed in [Appendix C]. This is also subject to the completion of the Council audit. These outstanding items include are set out on page 3 of this report.

Acknowledgements

We would like to take this opportunity to record our appreciation for the assistance provided by the finance team and other staff. As highlighted on page 3 of our audit plan presented to the Audit Committee in June 2021, the impact of the pandemic has meant that both your finance team and our audit team faced challenges again this year, in delivering work remotely.

The Financial Statements were delivered on time and these were supported by good working papers. All queries were responded to in a timely manner.

2. Financial Statements



The concept of materiality is fundamental to the preparation of the financial statements and the audit process and applies not only to the monetary misstatements but also to disclosure requirements and adherence to acceptable accounting practice and applicable law.

Materiality levels remain the same as reported in our audit plan on 22 July 2021, albeit materiality has increased to reflect the increase in the net asset value.

We detail in the table our determination of materiality for Somerset Pension Fund.

	Pension Fund Amount (£)
Materiality for the financial statements	26,100,000
Performance materiality	19,600,000
Trivial matters	1,300,000
Materiality for Senior Officer remuneration	20,000



2. Financial Statements - Significant risks

Significant risks are defined by ISAs (UK) as risks that, in the judgement of the auditor, require special audit consideration. In identifying risks, audit teams consider the nature of the risk, the potential magnitude of misstatement, and its likelihood. Significant risks are those risks that have a higher risk of material misstatement.

This section provides commentary on the significant audit risks communicated in the Audit Plan.

Risks identified in our Audit Plan	Commentary
Management override of controls	Our work in this area remains in progress. At the time of writing this report we have :
Under ISA (UK) 240 there is a non-rebuttable presumed risk that the risk of management over-ride of controls is present in all entities. We therefore identified management override of control, in particular journals, management estimates and transactions outside the course of business as a significant risk, which was one of the most significant assessed risks of material misstatement.	 evaluated the design effectiveness of management controls over journals, analysed the journals listing and determined the criteria for selecting high risk unusual journals, gained an understanding of the accounting estimates and critical judgements applied by management and considered their reasonableness with regard to corroborative evidence, and evaluated the rationale for any changes in accounting policies, estimates or significant unusual transactions. We are in the process of: testing those journals that we have identified as having characteristics which may make them unusual recorded during the year and after the draft accounts stage for appropriateness and supporting evidence.

Our work completed to date has not identified any issues with regards to management override of controls.

2. Financial Statements - Significant risks

Risks identified in our Audit Plan	Commentary
Improper revenue recognition	Within our Audit Plan we rebutted this presumed risk for Somerset Pension Fund because:
Under ISA (UK) 240 there is a rebuttable presumed risk that	
revenue may be misstated due to the improper recognition of	 opportunities to manipulate revenue recognition are very limited; and
revenue. This presumption can be rebutted if the auditor concludes that there is no risk of material misstatement due to fraud relating	• the culture and ethical frameworks of local authorities, including Somerset Pension Fund mean that all forms of fraud are seen as unacceptable.
to revenue recognition.	We have reassessed this rebuttal during the audit and confirm that this remains appropriate for Somerset Pension Fund.
The expenditure cycle includes fraudulent transactions (rebutted)	Within our Audit Plan we rebutted this presumed risk for Somerset Pension Fund because:
Practice Note 10: Audit of Financial Statements of Public Sector	expenditure is well controlled and the Fund has a strong control environment; and
Bodies in the United Kingdom (PN10) states:	 the Fund has clear and transparent reporting of its financial plans and financial position to those charged with governance.
"As most public bodies are net spending bodies, then the risk of material misstatement due to fraud related to expenditure may be greater than the risk of material misstatements due to fraud related to revenue recognition". Public sector auditors therefore need to consider whether they have any significant concerns about fraudulent financial reporting of expenditure which would need to be treated as a significant risk for the audit.	

2. Financial Statements - Significant risks

Risks identified in our Audit Plan	Commentary
Valuation of Level 3 Investments	We have:
The Fund revalues its investments on an annual basis at the year end to ensure that the carrying value is not materially different from the fair value at the financial statements date. By their nature Level 3 investment valuations lack observable inputs. These valuations therefore represent a significant estimate by management in the financial statements due to the size of the numbers involved and the sensitivity of this estimate to changes in key assumptions Under ISA 315 significant risks often relate to significant nonroutine transactions and judgemental matters. Level 3 investments by their very nature require a significant degree of judgement to reach an appropriate valuation at year end. Management utilise the services of investment managers and custodians as valuation experts to estimate the fair value as at 31 March 2021.	 evaluated management's processes for assessing the valuation of Level 3 investments; reviewed the nature and basis of estimated values and considered what assurance management has over the year end valuations provided for these types of investments, to ensure that the requirements of the Code are met; independently requested year-end confirmations from investment managers and the custodian and considered the role played by the custodian in asset valuations; for a sample of investments, we have tested the valuation by obtaining and reviewing the audited accounts (where available) at the latest date for individual investments and agreeing these to the fund manager reports at that date. We have then reconciled those values to the values at 31 March 2021 with reference to known movements in the intervening period; and where available, we have reviewed investment manager service auditor reports on design effectiveness of internal controls. We challenged the assumptions made by management on asset valuations, particularly in light of the previous year's estimation uncertainty as a result of COVID-19. The values for 2020/21 and management's assumptions and consideration of these valuations, give due consideration to market impact and the movements have been substantiated through our detailed testing. For 2020/21 there is no material uncertainties disclosed in relation to COVID-19 as markets have continued to stabilise across the last 12 months following the previous year's uncertain climate at the end of March 2020. Our work to date has identified that due to the timing of fund manager reports the Council have used the valuation reports dated 31 December 2020. As part of our audit procedures we have reviewed the 31 March 2021 reports that were provided to the Council in July 2021; after the draft financial statements were submitted.
risks of material misstatement.	This work highlighted that the value of these investments had increased by £7.6m and therefore that the estimate as at the 31 March 2021 was understated by this amount. We have reported this as and unadjusted misstatement but recognise that the draft financial statements were produced using the most up to date information.

2. Financial Statements - key judgements and estimates

This section provides commentary on key estimates and judgements inline with the enhanced requirements for auditors.

Significant judgement or estimate	Summary of management's approach	Audit Comments	Assessmen
Level 3 Investments – £72.459m The Pension Fund has level 3 investments that in total are valued on the balance sheet as at 31 March 2020 at £72.459 million. The total of this balance is made up of private equity funds. The level 3 investments are not traded on an open exchange/market and the valuation of the investment is highly subjective due to a lack of observable inputs. The basis of valuation for each category of level 3 investments is set out in note 31 to the financial statements. Due to the timing of fund manager reports the Council have used the valuation reports dated 31 December 2020. As part of our audit procedures we have reviewed the 31 March 2021 reports that were provided to the Council in July 2021; after the draft financial statements were submitted. This work highlighted that the value of these investments had increased by £7.6m and therefore that the estimate as at the 31 March 2021 was understated by this amount. We have reported this as and unadjusted misstatement but recognise that the draft financial statements were produced using the most up to date information. The overall value of level 3 investments has increased by £12.5 million in 2020/21.	balance sheet as at 31 March 2020 at £72.459 million. The total of this balance is made up of private equity funds. The level 3 investments are not traded on an open exchange/market and the valuation of the investment is highly subjective due to a lack of observable inputs. The	 We have: reviewed management's assessment and estimation process for level 3 investments and consider it to be robust.; assessed the estimates provided for level 3 investments and tested the validity of assumptions; 	Grey
	 assessed the adequacy of management's experts; tested the appropriateness of the underlying information used to determine the estimate; reviewed the consistency of the estimate against industry practice and previous audit work; tested the reasonableness of the increase in the estimate; and reviewed the reasonableness of the sensitivities disclosed in the estimates section of the accounting policy. Due to the timing of valuation reports used in producing the estimate we consider managements assumptions to be cautious. 		

Assessment

- [Purple] We disagree with the estimation process or judgements that underpin the estimate and consider the estimate to be potentially materially misstated
- [Blue] We consider the estimate is unlikely to be materially misstated however management's estimation process contains assumptions we consider optimistic
- [Grey] We consider the estimate is unlikely to be materially misstated however management's estimation process contains assumptions we consider cautious
- [Light Purple] We consider management's process is appropriate and key assumptions are neither optimistic or cautious

2. Financial Statements - key judgements and estimates

Significant judgement or estimate	Summary of management's approach	Audit Comments	Assessment
Level 2 Investments – £1,975.226m	 The Pension Fund have investments in pooled investments and property funds that in total are valued on the balance sheet as at 31 March 2021 at £1,975.226 million. Management rely upon the custodian to provide the financial investment values. This is provided in a monthly report, detailing each Fund's performance and value. Management review this report for accuracy and completeness. As well, as obtaining the custodian report, the Pension Fund also obtain details direct from the Fund Manager and completes a comparison - a triangulation - between their estimate, the custodian's estimate and the Fund Manager's estimate. All significant variances are reviewed and addressed. As the level 2 valuations are based upon observable inputs the degree of estimation is minimal and both the fund managers and custodians are able to provide robust assumptions for values at year end. Nevertheless, there is a degree of estimation adopted in the valuation process and therefore these can be interpreted as subjective in nature. The basis of valuation for each category of level 2 investments is set out in note 31 to the financial statements. The value of the investment has increased by £628.741m in 2020/21. 	 We have : reviewed management's assessment and the estimation process for level 2 investments and consider it to be robust; assessed the estimates provided for level 2 investments and tested the validity of assumptions; assessed the adequacy of management's experts; tested the appropriateness of the underlying information used to determine the estimate; reviewed the consistency of the estimate against industry practice and previous audit work; tested the reasonableness of the increase in the estimate; and reviewed the reasonableness of the sensitivities disclosed in the estimates section of the accounting policy. 	Light purple

Assessment

- [Purple]
- [Blue]

- We disagree with the estimation process or judgements that underpin the estimate and consider the estimate to be potentially materially misstated
- We consider the estimate is unlikely to be materially misstated however management's estimation process contains assumptions we consider optimistic
- [Grey] We consider the estimate is unlikely to be materially misstated however management's estimation process contains assumptions we consider cautious
- [Light Purple] We consider management's process is appropriate and key assumptions are neither optimistic or cautious

2. Financial Statements - other communication requirements

We set out below details of other matters which we, as auditors, are required by auditing standards and the Code to communicate to those charged with governance.

Issue	Commentary
Matters in relation to fraud	We have previously discussed the risk of fraud with the Audit Committee. We have not been made aware of any incidents in the period and no other issues have been identified during the course of our audit procedures.
Matters in relation to related parties	We are not aware of any related parties or related party transactions which have not been disclosed.
Matters in relation to laws and regulations	You have not made us aware of any significant incidences of non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations and we have not identified any incidences from our audit work.
Written representations	A letter of representation has been requested from the Pension Fund, which is appended to this report.
Confirmation requests from third parties	We requested from management permission to send confirmation requests to custodians and fund managers and the Pension Fund bank. This permission was granted and the requests were sent and received.
Accounting practices	We have evaluated the appropriateness of the Pension Fund's accounting policies, accounting estimates and financial statement disclosures. Our review found no material omissions in the financial statements.
Audit evidence and explanations/ significant difficulties	All information and explanations requested from management was provided.

2. Financial Statements - other communication requirements

\sim	Issue	Commentary
Our responsibility As auditors, we are required to "obtain	Going concern	In performing our work on going concern, we have had reference to Statement of Recommended Practice – Practice Note 10: Audit of financial statements of public sector bodies in the United Kingdom (Revised 2020). The Financial Reporting Council recognises that for particular sectors, it may be necessary to clarify how auditing standards are applied to an entity in a manner that is relevant and provides useful information to the users of financial statements in that sector. Practice Note 10 provides that clarification for audits of public sector bodies.
sufficient appropriate audit evidence about the appropriateness of		Practice Note 10 sets out the following key principles for the consideration of going concern for public sector entities:
about the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern assumption in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements and to conclude whether there is a material uncertainty about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern" (ISA (UK) 570).		 the use of the going concern basis of accounting is not a matter of significant focus of the auditor's time and resources because the applicable financial reporting frameworks envisage that the going concern basis for accounting will apply where the entity's services will continue to be delivered by the public sector. In such cases, a material uncertainty related to going concern is unlikely to exist, and so a straightforward and standardised approach for the consideration of going concern will often be appropriate for public sector entities
		 for many public sector entities, the financial sustainability of the reporting entity and the services it provides is more likely to be of significant public interest than the application of the going concern basis of accounting.
		Practice Note 10 states that if the financial reporting framework provides for the adoption of the going concern basis of accounting on the basis of the anticipated continuation of the provision of a service in the future, the auditor applies the continued provision of service approach set out in Practice Note 10. The financial reporting framework adopted by the Pension Fund meets this criteria, and so we have applied the continued provision of service approach. In doing so, we have considered and evaluated:
		 the nature of the Pension Fund and the environment in which it operates
		the Pension Fund's financial reporting framework
		• the Pension Fund's system of internal control for identifying events or conditions relevant to going concern
		 management's going concern assessment.
		On the basis of this work, we have obtained sufficient appropriate audit evidence to enable us to conclude that:
		 a material uncertainty related to going concern has not been identified
		 management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

2. Financial Statements - other responsibilities under the Code

Issue	Commentary
Disclosures	No inconsistencies have been identified. We plan to issue an unmodified opinion in this respect – refer to appendix C.
Matters on which we report by exception	We are required to give a separate opinion for the Pension Fund Annual Report on whether the financial statements included therein are consistent with the audited financial statements. Due to statutory deadlines the Pension Fund Annual Report is not required to be published until 1 December 2021 and therefore this report has not yet been produced. We have therefore not given this separate opinion at this time and are unable to certify completion of the audit of the administering authority until this work has been completed.



3. Independence and ethics

We confirm that there are no significant facts or matters that impact on our independence as auditors that we are required or wish to draw to your attention. We have complied with the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard and confirm that we, as a firm, and each covered person, are independent and are able to express an objective opinion on the financial statements

We confirm that we have implemented policies and procedures to meet the requirements of the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard and we as a firm, and each covered person, confirm that we are independent and are able to express an objective opinion on the financial statements.

Further, we have complied with the requirements of the National Audit Office's Auditor Guidance Note 01 issued in May 2020 which sets out supplementary guidance on ethical requirements for auditors of local public bodies.

Details of fees charged are detailed in Appendix B.

Transparency

Grant Thornton publishes an annual Transparency Report, which sets out details of the action we have taken over the past year to improve audit quality as well as the results of internal and external quality inspections. For more details see <u>Transparency report 2020</u> (grantthornton.co.uk)

3. Independence and ethics

Audit and non-audit services

For the purposes of our audit we have made enquiries of all Grant Thornton UK LLP teams providing services to the Pension Fund. The following non-audit services were identified.

Service	Fees £	Threats identified	Safeguards
Audit related			
Audit of Brunel Pension Partnership Limited (BPP)	40,000	None	We do not consider the audit of BPP as a threat to our independence; as Somerset Pension Fund cannot exercise control over BPP.
			The audit of BPP is carried out by a specialist team, authorised by the Financial Standards Authority.
			The fee of £40,000 is not significant compared to the audit fees of the ten participating pension funds.
			Please note this fee is not included in the financial statements of Somerset Pension Fund as is payable by BPP.
IAS19 Assurance letters for Admitted Bodies	7,000	Self-Interest (because this is a recurring fee)	The level of this recurring fee taken on its own is not considered a significant threat to independence as the fee for this work is £7,000 in comparison to the total fee for the audit of £30,121 and in particular relative to Grant Thornton UK LLP's turnover overall. Further, it is a fixed fee and there is no contingent element to it. These factors all mitigate the perceived self-interest threat to an acceptable level.

These services are consistent with the Pension Fund's policy on the allotment of non-audit work to your auditors. None of the services provided are subject to contingent fees.



A. Audit Adjustments

Impact of adjusted misstatements

There were no adjusted misstatements noted as part of the 2020/21 and 2019/20 audits.

Impact of unadjusted misstatements Detail	Statement of Comprehensive Net Expenditure £'000	Statement of Financial Position £' 000	Impact on adjusted net expenditure £'000
Due to the timing of fund manager reports the Pension Fund have used the valuation reports dated 31 December 2020. As part of our audit procedures we have reviewed the 31 March 2021 reports that were provided to the Fund in July 2021; after the draft financial statements were submitted.	-	Increase in the level of Level 3 investments of £7,600	-
This work highlighted that the value of these investments had increased by £7.6m (in the period December 20 to March 2021) and therefore that the estimate as at the 31 March 2021 was understated by this amount. We recognise that the draft financial statements were produced using the most up to date information.			
Overall impact	-	7,600	-

Misclassification and disclosure changes

The table below provides details of misclassification and disclosure changes identified during the audit which have been made in the final set of financial statements.

Disclosure omission	Adjusted?
The audit fee disclosed in the draft financial statements for 2019/20 and 2020/21, did not agree to the final amounts set out in our 2020/21 Audit Plan. This was due to the timing of the invoices being raised and communication of the 2020/21 audit fee. Additional disclosures have been added to note 9 to clearly show the final amounts. This is explained further on page 18 of this report.	~
Our high level review of the draft financial statements identified that no disclosure was made regarding capital commitments. The Fund have added a note disclosing commitments relating to investments of £71.287m. At the time of writing this report we have still to agree this additional note to supporting working papers.	\checkmark
During the course of the audit a number of small disclosure amendments were made to the financial statements. These have not been reported separately due to their insignificant nature.	√

B. Fees

We confirm below our final fees charged for the audit and provision of non-audit services.

Audit fees	Proposed fee	Final fee
Pension Fund Audit	£30,121	£30,121
Total audit fees (excluding VAT)	£30,121	£30,121

Details of variations in final fees from the proposed fee per the audit plan

- Fees per financial statements £0.022m
- Fees for additional costs as set out in our audit plan £0.008m
- Total £0.030m

Fees for IAS19 Assurance letters for Admitted Bodies of £0.007m is disclosed in a narrative disclosure under note 9 of the financial statements as this was not billed until after the draft statements were prepared.

Non-audit fees for other services	Proposed fee	Final fee
Audit Related Services		
Audit of Brunel Pension Partnership Limited (BPP)	40,000	40,000
IAS19 Assurance letters for Admitted Bodies	7,000	7,000
Total non-audit fees (excluding VAT)	£47,000	£47,000

Our audit opinion is included below. We anticipate we will provide the Pension Fund with an unmodified audit report.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Somerset County Council on the pension fund financial statements of Somerset Pension Fund

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Somerset Pension Fund (the 'Pension Fund') administered by Somerset County Council (the 'Authority') for the year ended 31 March 2021 which comprise the Fund Account, the Net Assets Statement and notes to the pension fund financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the CIPFA/LASAAC code of practice on local authority accounting in the United Kingdom 2020/21.

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the financial transactions of the Pension Fund during the year ended 31 March 2021 and of the amount and disposition at that date of the fund's assets and liabilities;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the CIPFA/LASAAC code of practice on local authority accounting in the United Kingdom 2020/21; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law, as required by the Code of Audit Practice (2020) ("the Code of Audit Practice") approved by the Comptroller and Auditor General. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Authority in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Pension Fund's financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We are responsible for concluding on the appropriateness of the Director of Finance's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Pension Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify the auditor's opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Pension Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.

In our evaluation of the Director of Finance's conclusions, and in accordance with the expectation set out within the CIPFA/LASAAC code of practice on local authority accounting in the United Kingdom 2020/21 that the Pension Fund's financial statements shall be prepared on a going concern basis, we considered the inherent risks associated with the continuation of services provided by the Pension Fund. In doing so we had regard to the guidance provided in Practice Note 10 Audit of financial statements and regularity of public sector bodies in the United Kingdom (Revised 2020) on the application of ISA (UK) 570 Going Concern to public sector entities. We assessed the reasonableness of the basis of preparation used by the Authority in the Pension Fund financial statements and the disclosures in the Pension Fund financial statements over the going concern period.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Pension Fund's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Director of Finance's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the Pension Fund financial statements is appropriate.

The responsibilities of the Director of Finance with respect to going concern are described in the 'Responsibilities of the Authority, the Director of Finance and Those Charged with Governance for the financial statements' section of this report.

Other information

The Director of Finance is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Statement of Accounts, other than the Pension Fund's financial statements, our auditor's report thereon, and our auditor's report on the Authority's financial statements. Our opinion on the Pension Fund's financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Pension Fund's financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Pension Fund's financial statements, or our knowledge of the Pension Fund obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the Pension Fund financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matter required by the Code of Audit Practice (2020) published by the National Audit Office on behalf of the Comptroller and Auditor General (the Code of Audit Practice)

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit of the Pension Fund's financial statements and our knowledge of the Pension Fund, the other information published together with the Pension Fund's financial statements in the Statement of Accounts, for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the Pension Fund financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Code of Audit Practice, we are required to report to you if:

- we issue a report in the public interest under section 24 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 in the course of, or at the conclusion of the audit; or
- we make a written recommendation to the Authority under section 24 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 in the course of, or at the conclusion of the audit; or

- we make an application to the court for a declaration that an item of account is contrary to law under Section 28 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 in the course of, or at the conclusion of the audit; or;
- we issue an advisory notice under Section 29 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 in the course of, or at the conclusion of the audit; or
- we make an application for judicial review under Section 31 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014, in the course of, or at the conclusion of the audit.

We have nothing to report in respect of the above matters in relation to the Pension Fund.

Responsibilities of the Authority, the Director of Finance and Those Charged with Governance for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of Responsibilities, the Authority is required to make arrangements for the proper administration of its financial affairs and to secure that one of its officers has the responsibility for the administration of those affairs. In this authority, that officer is the Director of Finance. The Director of Finance is responsible for the preparation of the Statement of Accounts, which includes the Pension Fund's financial statements, in accordance with proper practices as set out in the CIPFA/LASAAC code of practice on local authority accounting in the United Kingdom 2020/21, for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Director of Finance determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Pension Fund's financial statements, the Director of Finance is responsible for assessing the Pension Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless there is an intention by government that the services provided by the Pension Fund will no longer be provided.

The Audit Committee is Those Charged with Governance for the Pension Fund. Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Authority's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Pension Fund's financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at:

www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Explanation as to what extent the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that material misstatements in the financial statements may not be detected, even though the audit is properly planned and performed in accordance with the ISAs (UK).

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

• We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the Pension Fund and determined that the most significant, which are directly relevant to specific assertions in the financial statements, are those related to the reporting frameworks (international accounting standards as interpreted and adapted by the CIPFA/LASAAC code of practice on local authority accounting in the United Kingdom 2020/21, The Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014, the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015, the Public Service Pensions Act 2013, The Local government Pension Scheme Regulations 2013 and the Local Government Pension Scheme (Management and Investment of Funds) Regulations 2016.

- We enquired of senior officers and the Audit Committee, concerning the Authority's policies and procedures relating to:
 - the identification, evaluation and compliance with laws and regulations;
 - the detection and response to the risks of fraud; and
 - the establishment of internal controls to mitigate risks related to fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations.
- We enquired of senior officers, internal audit and the Audit Committee, whether they were aware of any instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations or whether they had any knowledge of actual, suspected or alleged fraud.
- We assessed the susceptibility of the Pension Fund's financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur, by evaluating officers' incentives and opportunities for manipulation of the financial statements. This included the evaluation of the risk of management override of controls.. We determined that the principal risks were in relation to journals, accounting estimates and critical judgements made by management.
- Our audit procedures involved:
 - evaluation of the design effectiveness of controls that the Director of Finance has in place to prevent and detect fraud;
 - journal entry testing, with a focus on management override of control;
 - challenging assumptions and judgements made by management in its significant accounting estimates in respect of the valuation of level 3 investments and IAS 26 pensions liability valuations;
 - assessing the extent of compliance with the relevant laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement item.

These audit procedures were designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements were free from fraud or error. However, detecting irregularities that result from fraud is inherently more difficult than detecting those that result from error, as those irregularities that result from fraud may involve collusion, deliberate concealment, forgery or intentional misrepresentations. Also, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we would become aware of it.

- Assessment of the appropriateness of the collective competence and capabilities of the engagement team included consideration of the engagement team's.
 - understanding of, and practical experience with audit engagements of a similar nature and complexity through appropriate training and participation
 - knowledge of the local government pensions sector
 - understanding of the legal and regulatory requirements specific to the Pension Fund including:
 - the provisions of the applicable legislation
 - guidance issued by CIPFA, LASAAC and SOLACE
 - the applicable statutory provisions.
- In assessing the potential risks of material misstatement, we obtained an understanding of:
 - the Pension Fund's operations, including the nature of its income and expenditure and its services and of its objectives and strategies to understand the classes of transactions, account balances, expected financial statement disclosures and business risks that may result in risks of material misstatement.
 - the Authority's control environment, including the policies and procedures implemented by the Authority to ensure compliance with the requirements of the financial reporting framework.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the members of the Authority, as a body, in accordance with Part 5 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 and as set out in paragraph 43 of the Statement of Responsibilities of Auditors and Audited Bodies published by Public Sector Audit Appointments Limited. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Authority's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Authority and the Authority's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Barrie Morris, Key Audit Partner for and on behalf of Grant Thornton UK LLP, Local Auditor

Bristol

Date:

D. Management Letter of Representation

Barrie Morris Grant Thornton UK LLP 2 Glass Wharf Bristol BS20EL

Dear Sirs

Somerset Pension Fund

Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2021

This representation letter is provided in connection with the audit of the financial statements of Somerset Pension Fund for the year ended 31 March 2021 for the purpose of expressing an opinion as to whether the financial statements are presented fairly, in all material respects in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2020/21 and applicable law.

We confirm that to the best of our knowledge and belief having made such inquiries as we considered necessary for the purpose of appropriately informing ourselves:

Financial Statements

i. We have fulfilled our responsibilities for the preparation of the Fund's financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2020/21 ("the Code"); in particular the financial statements are fairly presented in accordance therewith.

ii. We have complied with the requirements of all statutory directions affecting the Fund and these matters have been appropriately reflected and disclosed in the financial statements.

iii. The Fund has complied with all aspects of contractual agreements that could have a material effect on the financial statements in the event of non-compliance. There has been no non-compliance with requirements of any regulatory authorities that could have a material effect on the financial statements in the event of non-compliance.

iv. We acknowledge our responsibility for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control to prevent and detect fraud.

v. Significant assumptions used by us in making accounting estimates, including those measured at fair value, are reasonable. We are satisfied that the material judgements used in the preparation of the financial statements are soundly based, in accordance with the Code and adequately disclosed in the financial statements. We understand our responsibilities includes identifying and considering alternative, methods, assumptions or source data that would be equally valid under the financial reporting framework, and why these alternatives were rejected in favour of the estimate used. We are satisfied that the methods, the data and the significant assumptions used by us in making accounting estimates and their related disclosures are appropriate to achieve recognition, measurement or disclosure that is reasonable in accordance with the Code and adequately disclosed in the financial statements.

- vi. Except as disclosed in the financial statements:
- a. there are no unrecorded liabilities, actual or contingent
- b. none of the assets of the Fund has been assigned, pledged or mortgaged

c. there are no material prior year charges or credits, nor exceptional or non-recurring items requiring separate disclosure.

vii. Related party relationships and transactions have been appropriately accounted for and disclosed in accordance with the requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards and the Code.

viii. All events subsequent to the date of the financial statements and for which International Financial Reporting Standards and the Code require adjustment or disclosure have been adjusted or disclosed.

ix. We have considered the adjusted misstatements, and misclassification and disclosures changes schedules included in your Audit Findings Report. The financial statements have been amended for these misstatements, misclassifications and disclosure changes and are free of material misstatements, including omissions.

x. The financial statements are free of material misstatements, including omissions.

xi. Actual or possible litigation and claims have been accounted for and disclosed in accordance with the requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards.

xii. We have no plans or intentions that may materially alter the carrying value or classification of assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements.

D. Management Letter of Representation

xiii. We have updated our going concern assessment. We continue to believe that the Fund's financial statements should be prepared on a going concern basis and have not identified any material uncertainties related to going concern on the grounds that:

- a. the nature of the Fund means that, notwithstanding any intention to liquidate the Fund or cease its operations in their current form, it will continue to be appropriate to adopt the going concern basis of accounting because, in such an event, services it performs can be expected to continue to be delivered by related public authorities and preparing the financial statements on a going concern basis will still provide a faithful representation of the items in the financial statements
- b. the financial reporting framework permits the entry to prepare its financial statements on the basis of the presumption set out under a) above; and
- c. the Fund's system of internal control has not identified any events or conditions relevant to going concern.

We believe that no further disclosures relating to the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern need to be made in the financial statements.

Information Provided

- xiv. We have provided you with:
- a. access to all information of which we are aware that is relevant to the preparation of the financial statements such as records, documentation and other matters;
- b. additional information that you have requested from us for the purpose of your audit; and
- c. access to persons within the Fund via remote arrangements, in compliance with the nationally specified social distancing requirements established by the government in response to the Covid-19 pandemic. from whom you determined it necessary to obtain audit evidence.

xv. We have communicated to you all deficiencies in internal control of which management is aware.

xvi. All transactions have been recorded in the accounting records and are reflected in the financial statements.

xvii. We have disclosed to you the results of our assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud.

- xviii. We have disclosed to you all information in relation to fraud or suspected fraud that we are aware of and that affects the Fund, and involves:
- a. management;
- b. employees who have significant roles in internal control; or
- c. others where the fraud could have a material effect on the financial statements.

xix. We have disclosed to you all information in relation to allegations of fraud, or suspected fraud, affecting the financial statements communicated by employees, former employees, analysts, regulators or others.

xx. We have disclosed to you all known instances of non-compliance or suspected noncompliance with laws and regulations whose effects should be considered when preparing financial statements.

xxi. There have been no communications with The Pensions Regulator or other regulatory bodies during the year or subsequently concerning matters of noncompliance with any legal duty.

xxii. We are not aware of any reports having been made to The Pensions Regulator by any of our advisors.

xxiii. We have disclosed to you the identity of the Fund's related parties and all the related party relationships and transactions of which we are aware.

xxiv. We have disclosed to you all known actual or possible litigation and claims whose effects should be considered when preparing the financial statements.

Approval

The approval of this letter of representation was minuted by the Fund's Audit Committee at its meeting on 25 November 2021.



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